# Pokémons 

Lazar has a rich collection of pokemons, including duplicates. After arranging them in a line, he decided to challenge you. For a given interval of consecutive pokemons you have to find the number of pokemons of a certain type. You are a skilled programmer and accept the challenge.

## Input

The first line of the file pokemons.in consists of an integer $n$ - the number of pokemons. The next line comprises of n integers $-a_{1}, a_{2} \ldots a_{n}$, the types. The next line consists of an integer Q - the number of queries from Lazar. Then Q triplets $\left(l_{i}, r_{i}, k_{i}\right)$ - the borders of the interval and the type of a pokemon.

## Output

On the Q lines of the file pokemons.out print 1 number - the count of the type from the query.

## Constraints

$1 \leq n, Q \leq 10^{5}$
$0 \leq a_{i}, k_{i} \leq 10^{6}$
$1 \leq l_{i} \leq r_{i} \leq n$

Time limit: 0.2 sec .
Memory limit: $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ MB

Pokémons
2023/2024 SEASON - SECOND ROUND

Embrace The Challenge

## Sample test

| Input (pokemons.in) |  | Output (pokemons.out) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 3 | 6 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | 8 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

