# **Primes**

# SEASON 7 - ROUND FOUR



As you know a prime number is a positive integer that has exactly two distinct positive integer divisors.

Consider positive integers a, a+1, ..., b ( $a \le b$ ). You want to find the minimum integer l ( $1 \le l \le b - a + 1$ ) such that for any integer x

 $(a \le x \le b - l + 1)$  among l integers x, x + 1, ..., x + l - 1 there are at least k prime numbers.

Find and print the required minimum I. If no value I meets the described limitations, print -1.

# Input

The first row of the file primes.in contains of 3 integers – a,b and k.

# **Output**

In the output file primes.out print a single integer - the required minimum *I*. If there's no solution, print -1.

#### **Constraints**

$$1 \le a,b,k \le 1 000 000$$
  
 $a \le b$ 

Time limit: 1.0 sec Memory limit: 256 MB

# **Example test**

Input (primes.in)	Output (prime_test)out)
2 4 2	3
6 13 1	4
1 4 3	-1